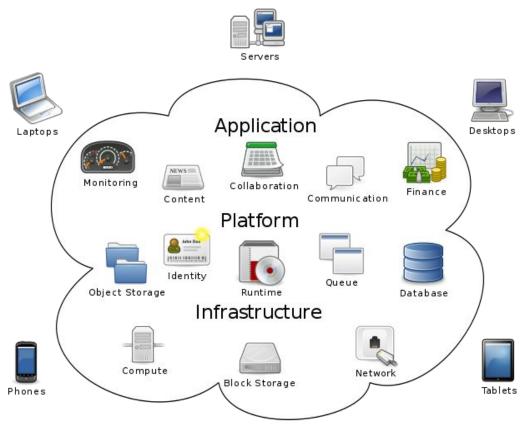
# Cloud Computing, Big Data, and the Semantic Web

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**Cloud computing** 

# **Cloud Computing**

- Laptops → Servers → Cloud
- Maintenance of machines/software
- Availability of machines
- Need the machines/software for only a limited amount of time
- Don't have the expertise to setup the software on networked machines

Pay-as-you-go model

# **Cloud Computing**

#### **Cloud Clients**

Web browser, mobile app, thin client, terminal emulator, ...



Application

Platform

#### SaaS

CRM, Email, virtual desktop, communication, games, ...

#### PaaS

Execution runtime, database, web server, development tools, ...

#### laaS

Virtual machines, servers, storage, load balancers, network, ...

Infra-

### **IAAS**

- Infrastructure As A Service (IAAS)
  - Physical computing resources are available as a service in the form of VMs
  - Number of cores
  - RAM size
  - Disk

### PAAS

- Platform As A Service (PAAS)
  - Platform/Application environment is provided as a service
  - Operating System
  - Database
  - Java runtime
  - .NET runtime

#### SAAS

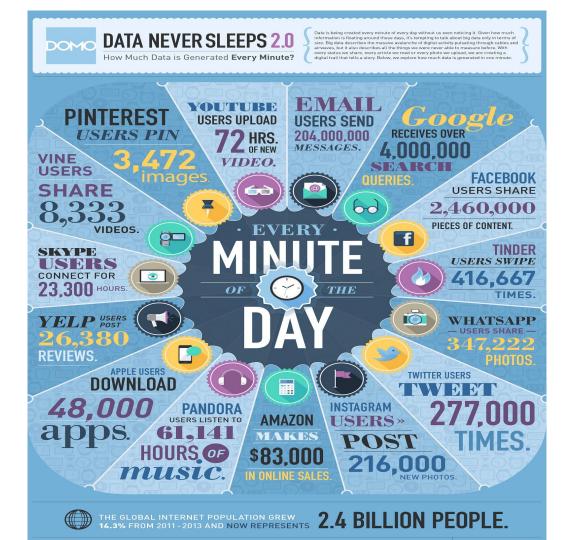
- Software As A Service (SAAS)
  - Software is provided as a service
  - Office software
  - Messaging software
  - CAD software
  - Payroll, Accounting software
  - Content management software

## **IBM Cloud**

Combines PAAS with IAAS

Demo

# Big Data



#### **VOLUME**

Huge amount of data



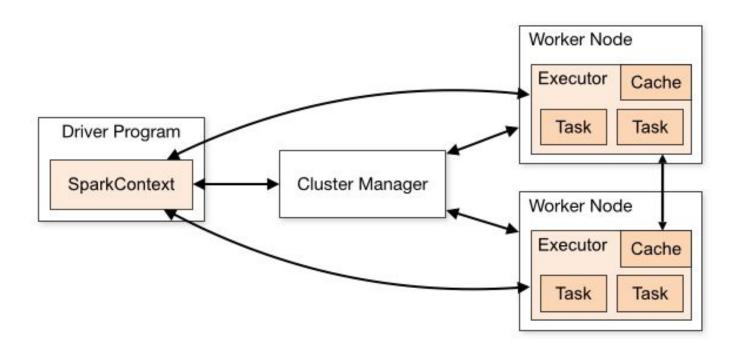
## Apache Spark

- Handles the volume aspect very well
- Has also support for velocity
- Has support for Graph and Machine Learning algorithms that can be used to generate value from the data

## Apache Spark

- Distribute the data and the computations across a cluster (group of machines)
- This increases the parallelism and reduces the load on each machine
  - Need more machines? Pay-as-you-go (add more machines depending on the load)
- Spark provides mechanism to
  - Capture the data in a form that is easily distributable
  - Perform computations that can be parallelized

# Spark Cluster



## Spark RDD

- Resilient Distributed Dataset (RDD)
  - It is the fundamental datastructure of Apache Spark
  - It is a immutable, fault tolerant collection of elements that can be operated in parallel
  - An RDD can be divided into logical partitions that can be distributed across the cluster
  - Elements of RDD can be text, numbers, or a combination of them

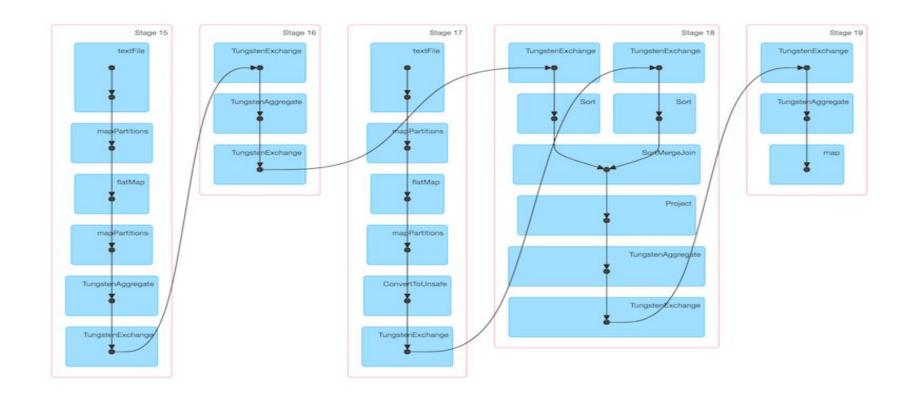
### **Transformations and Actions**

#### Transformations

map	join	union	distinct	repartition
mapPartitions	flatMap	intersection	pipe	coalesce
cartesian	cogroup	filter	sample	
sortByKey	groupByKey	reduceByKey	aggregateByKey	
mapPartitions withIndex		repartition And Sort Within Partitions		

Actions				
reduce	take	collect	takeSample	count
takeOrdered	countByKey	first	foreach	saveAsTextFile
saveAsSequenceFile		saveAsObjectFile		

# **Directed Acyclic Graphs**



## Big Data Problems

- Parallelizing very large datasets (Protein sequencing)
- Estimate the runtime of Apache Spark jobs
- Automate the generation of code based on text descriptions and heuristics